

Cleaning Instructions For Carpets

REGULAR CLEANING

The choice of wool or silk is the first step to having an attractive easy-to-care for carpet in your home. Wool and silk carpets keep their good looks longer than carpets made of other fibres, and studies have shown that both wool and silk have a higher resistance to soiling and are easier to clean than other fibres.

The following are three sound, basic rules for keeping your carpet looking its best

1. Vacuum regularly – at least once a week and more often in heavy traffic areas
2. Remove stains and spills immediately
3. Wet clean as required

VACUUMING

A vacuum cleaner with revolving bristle strips is most efficient for regular cleaning of cut pile types of carpet, particularly dense pile carpet. However, the plain suction type should be used on shag pile carpet and coarse, loop pile Berbers.

SPOT AND STAIN REMOVAL

One of the most crucial areas of carpet maintenance is the removal of spots and spills. The golden rule is to act quickly. Rapid attention could make a great deal of difference to whether you end up with a mark or no stain at all. The recommended method is to blot up liquids with white paper tissues or clean absorbent cloths. Scoop up solids with end of a knife or with a spoon and then treat the stain according to the recommendations given on page 1/3.

Always work inwards from the edge of the stain to prevent it spreading. Apply small amounts of cleaning agent at a time so as not to over-wet the carpet, blot between applications with paper tissues or dry cloths. Do not rub the stain: rubbing will spread the stain over a bigger area and could distort the pile. Rinse the treated area by carefully applying small amounts of clear tepid water and finally place a thick wad of white tissues on the treated area weighed down with a heavy object. Change the wad once or twice and finally leave on the spot until dry.

WET CLEANING

When your carpet starts to look soiled you can either have it professionally wet cleaned or do it yourself.

If you decide to clean the carpet yourself, make sure to use good quality products and follow the manufacturer's instructions.

For more information, call us on 01937 586 585
or e-mail studio@concepthandtufting.co.uk

C O N C E P T

H A N D T U F T I N G L I M I T E D

CLEANING INSTRUCTIONS FOR CARPET

Types of Spillages	Type of Treatment		
	Step 1	Step 2	Step 3
Beverages	4	1	5
Blood	4	5	-
Burn / scorch mark	13	14	-
Butter	2	1	-
Candle wax	6	2	-
Chewing gum	7	-	-
Chocolate	1	2	-
Cola	4	1	-
Cream	1	2	-
Egg	1	-	-
Floor wax	2	-	-
Fruit juice	4	1	5
Furniture polish	2	1	15
Gravy & sauces	3	1	-
Ink (ball point)	8	1	-
Ink (fountain pen)	4	5	-
Lipstick	2	1	-
Metal polish	1	-	-
Milk	3	1	-
Mustard	1	-	-
Nail polish	9	2	-
Oil & grease	2	1	-
Paint (emulsion)	4	1	-
Paint (oil)	10	2	1
Salad dressing	1	2	-
Shoe polish	2	1	-
Soot	11	1	15
Tar	2	-	-
Urine (fresh stain)	1	-	-
Urine (old stain)	15	-	-
Vomit	1	5	-
Wine	12	4	5

TYPE OF TREATMENT

1. Carpet shampoo solution
2. Dry cleaning fluid
3. Warm water
4. Cold water
5. Laundry detergent (one teaspoon in 250ml warm water)
6. Absorbent paper and hot iron
7. Chewing gum remover (freezing agent)
8. Surgical alcohol
9. Nail polish remover or acetone
10. Turpentine or white spirit
11. Vacuum
12. Absorbent powder
13. Scrape lightly with fingers
14. Rub gently with coarse sandpaper
15. Call professional cleaner

For more information, call us on 01937 586 585
or e-mail studio@concepthandtufting.co.uk

CONCEPT
HANDTUFTING LIMITED